

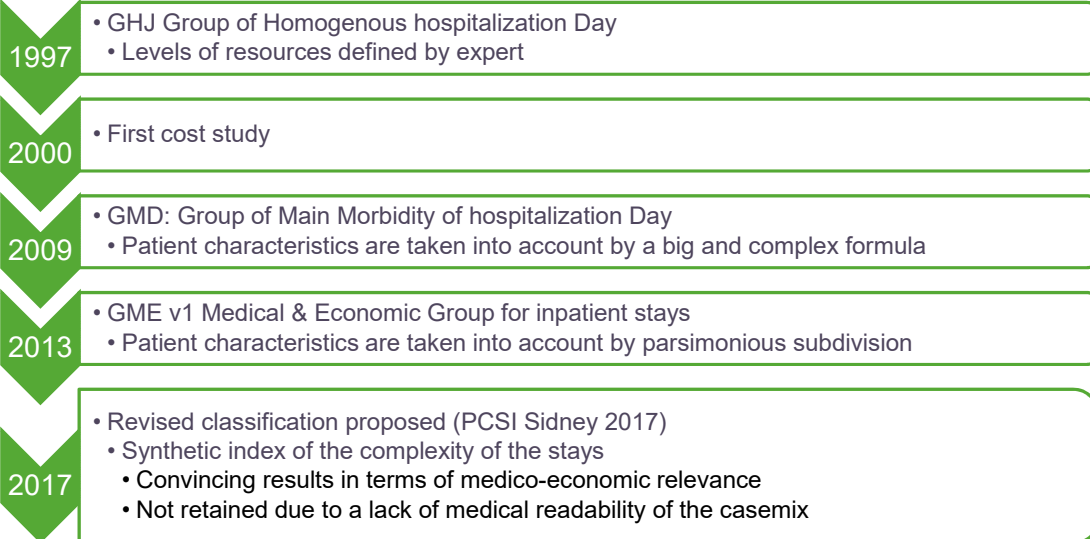
# Building a new classification for non-acute care

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## Non acute care in France (SSR): overview

- Approximately 1 million stays/year
- 1800 hospitals
  - Specialized units with rehabilitation platform
  - Unspecialized
  - Public / private / private with no profit
- Very variable length of stay
  - From 1 day to > 1 year
- Very variable cost per day

## Non acute care in France : a brief history of classifications



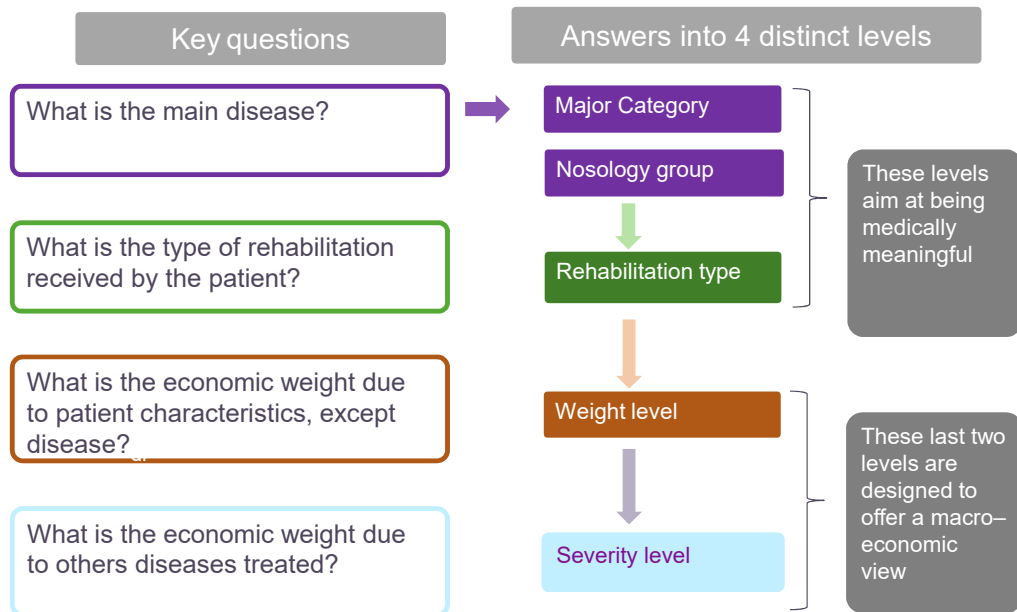
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## Objectives for new classification (GME 2022)

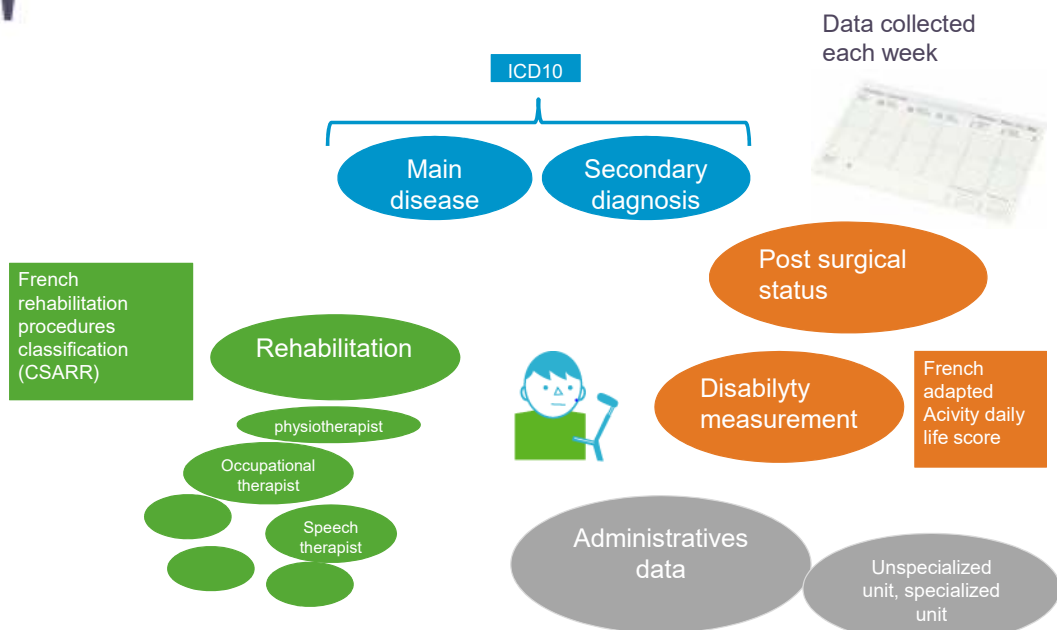
- 🎯 Having a classification with more medical readability
- 🎯 Improving medico economic relevance
- 🎯 Having a reasonable number of groups

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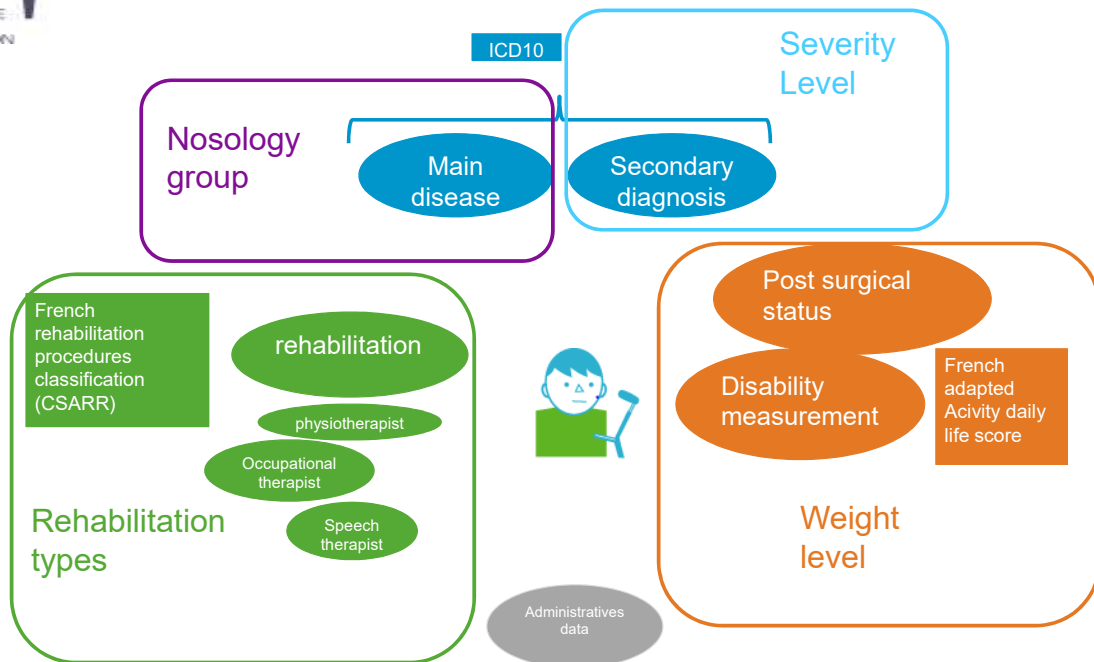
## How GME 2022 is organized?



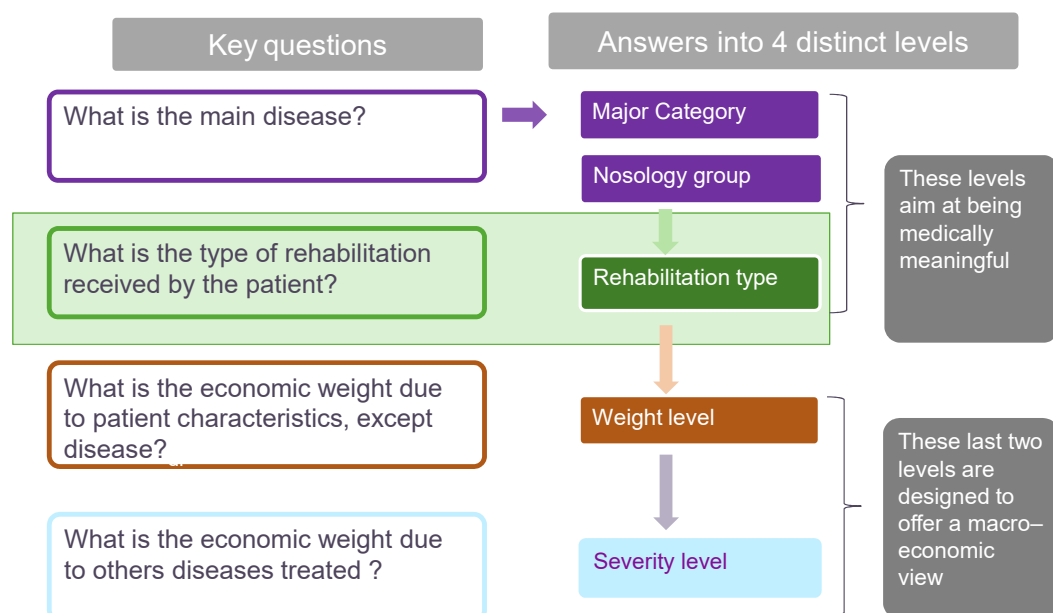
## Information currently collected



## Classification structure / variables used



## How GME 2022 is organized? Rehabilitation type



## Rehabilitation types : what is the problem ?

- In the previous classification, rehabilitation is insufficiently used
  - In 1/3 of the nosology groups rehabilitation procedures are used
  - only quantitatively
- Objective for the new classification
  - Better description of rehabilitation
- To describe, for each nosology group, different rehabilitation types

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## Four rehabilitation types

Rehabilitation types describe rehabilitation received by the patient during the stay

Inpatients

P : Pediatric

S : Specialized  
important

T : Overall  
important

U : Other

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## Important specialized rehabilitation type : How it is built ?

Rehabilitation type describe rehabilitation received by the patient during the stay

Inpatients

P : Pediatric

Children < 18 years old  
12 nosology groups have a pediatric rehabilitation group

S : Specialized important

T : Overall important

U : Other

## Important specialized rehabilitation type : How it is built ?

Rehabilitation type describe rehabilitation received by the patient during the stay

Inpatients

P : Pediatric

S : Specialized important

Depends on quantity of **specialized** procedures realized during the stay

T : Overall important

U : Other

## Specialized important rehabilitation type : How it is built ?

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Specialized procedures are markers of rehabilitation deficiencies related to the main disease.

- It does not depend on unit type
- Building specialized rehabilitation procedures lists
  - With rehabilitation experts
  - Database analysis

For each nosology group

GLR+226 : abdominodiaphragmatic guided ventilation  
session => only for respiratory nosology groups

## Specialized important rehabilitation type : How is it built ?

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- Specialized rehabilitation procedures are used to calculate
  - a score per day
  - a score per stay
- Depending on this 2 scores, stay is oriented in specialized group

## Specialized rehabilitation type : How it is built ?

		Stay score	
		< stay threshold	> = stay threshold
Day score	< day threshold		
	>= day threshold		Positive test

⇒ Important specialized rehabilitation group

## Important specialized rehabilitation type : How it is built ?

		Stay score	
		< stay threshold	> = stay threshold
Day score	< day threshold	Negative test	Negative test
	>= day threshold	Negative test	Positive test

⇒ Not specialized rehabilitation group

⇒ Important specialized rehabilitation group

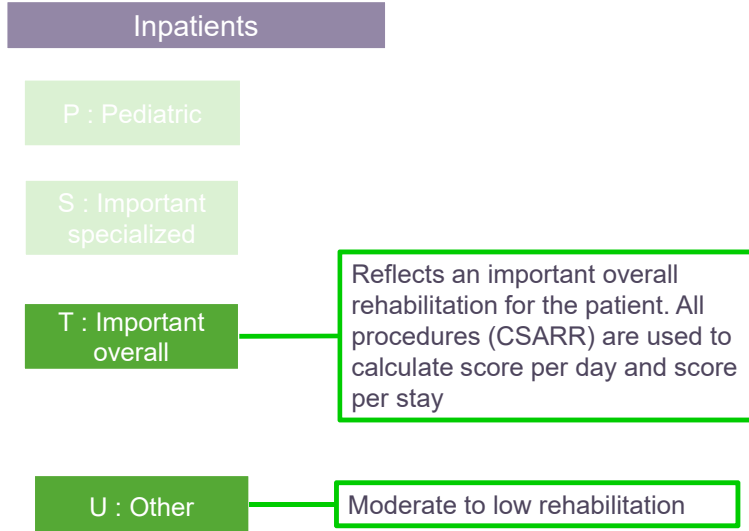
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Not specialized rehabilitation group

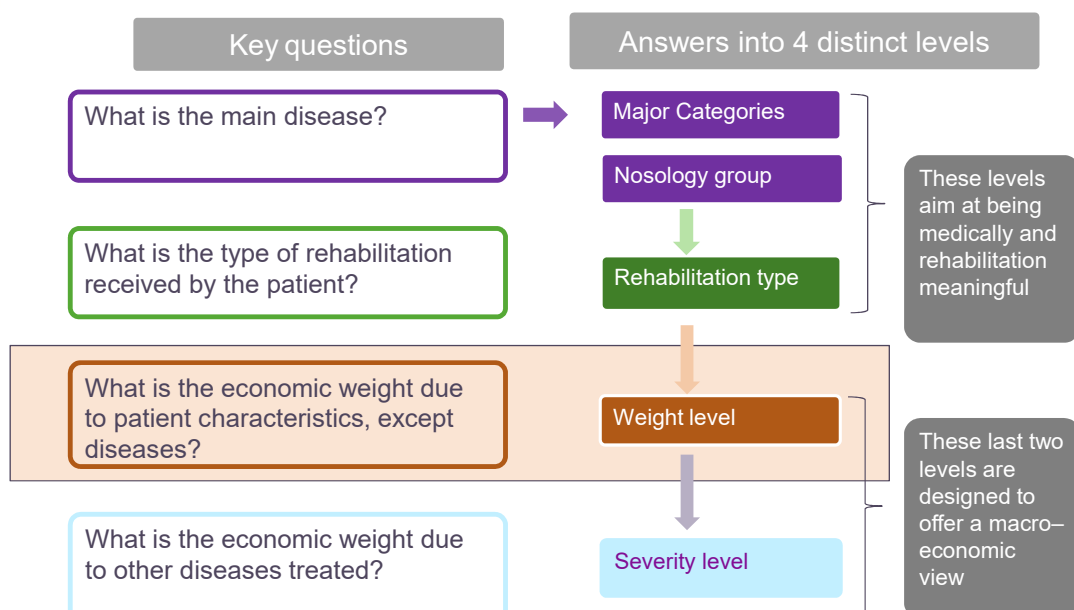


## Rehabilitation types : How they are built ?

Rehabilitation types describe rehabilitation received by the patient during stay



## How GME 2022 is organized: Weight level



## Weight level what is the problem ?

- In the previous classification, understanding subgroups of nosology groups is difficult
  - Subgroups are not ordered
  - Comparisons between nosology groups are impossible
- Objective for the new classification
  - To produce simple index describing patient weight due to his characteristics

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## Weight level : definition

Indicator reflecting economic weight due to different characteristics of the patient, except diseases (secondary diagnosis)

Data used :

- Age
- Post surgical status
- Maximal physical disability and maximal cognitive disability

Inpatient

Weight A

Weight B

Weight C

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## Weight level : how is it built ?

- A Weight level is associated with each variable value :
  - age, physical disability, cognitive disability, post-surgical status
- For a given stay, the final weight level corresponds to the effect of the variable with the greatest level

Example for a rehabilitation group

variables	value	Level associated
age	[18-75]	A
	[76-85]	A
	>85	A
Physical disability	[4-8]	A
	[9-12]	B
	[13-16]	C
Cognitive disability	[2-6]	A
	[7-8]	A
Prior surgery	non	A
	oui	B

Example for a patient :

- Age 70 years old → level A
- Physical disability 14 → level C
- Cognitive disability 2 → level A
- With surgery → level B

Stay level : level C

## Severity level : how is it built ?

- Economic weight related to other diseases (secondary diagnosis)
- For a given stay, the final severity level corresponds to the effect of the disease with the greatest level

Example for a weight group

Secondary diagnosis	Associated level
Hypertension	1
Stage III decubitus ulcer	2
Obesity due to excess calories	1

Example for a patient with stroke

- Hypertension → level 1
- Stage III decubitus ulcer → level 2
- Obesity due to excess calories → level 1

Stay level : level 2

## Statistical results

Level	Inpatient groups	R <sup>2</sup> Length of stay	R <sup>2</sup> Cost	R <sup>2</sup> Inpatient Cost
Nosology Group	92	8.0%	12.6%	
Rehabilitation Group	222	11.5%	19.8%	
Weight Group	575	16.6%	27.4%	
GME 2022	1144	18.9%	30.3%	34.1%
GME 2021	543	14.6%	22.4%	29.3%

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## Conclusion

- Improve medio-economic relevance
- Provide better medical readability
  - Type of rehabilitation
  - Hierarchy of weight levels
  - Hierarchy of severity levels

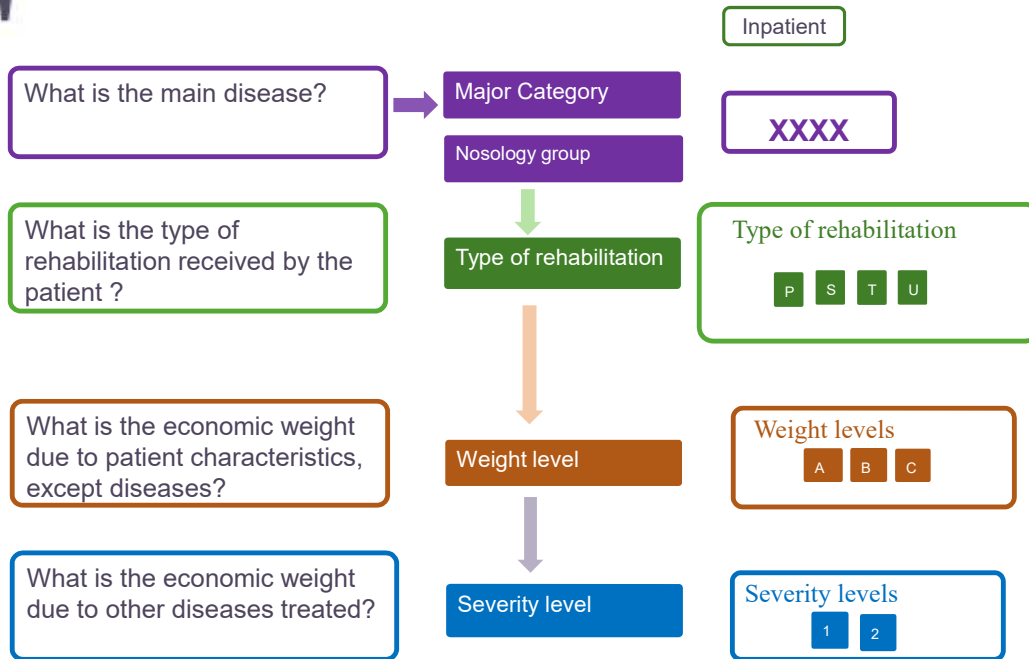
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## Classification GME 2022, associated nomenclatures



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## GME 2022 : examples, wordings

0512 S C 1

	Code	Short Wordings	Long Wordings
GN	0512	Cardiac failure	
GR	0512S	Cardiac failure / HC R spec	Cardiac failure / HC specilized rehabilitation
GL	0512SC	Cardiac failure / HC R spec Niv C	Cardiac failure / HC specilized rehabilitation level C : phy[13-16]
GME	0512SC1	Cardiac failure/ HC R spec Niv C-1	Cardiac failure / HC specilized rehabilitation level C-1 : phy[13-16] – without severity

## Statistical results

Rehabilitation groups	Nb stay	% inpatient	LOS	Age	Phy	Cog	%surg	%severity.	unspecilized unit	specialized unit	geriatric unit
P	40 409	2%	25	12	8	4	9%	23%	37%	63%	0%
S	580 134	30%	37	63	8	3	41%	18%	16%	79%	6%
T	550 749	29%	37	78	10	4	28%	27%	46%	20%	34%
U	734 287	39%	30	78	10	4	24%	24%	56%	14%	30%

Weight level	Nb stay	% inpatient	LOS	Age	Phy	Cog	%surg	%severity.	Unspecilize d unit	Specialize d unit	Geriatric unit
A	713 581	37%	25	65	5	3	32%	12%	35%	54%	10%
B	638 856	34%	34	75	10	4	32%	24%	44%	30%	26%
C	553 142	29%	46	77	13	5	25%	38%	43%	21%	36%