Refining admitted and acute care classifications in Australia: now and in to the future

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PCSI Conference, September 2022







From IHPA to IHACPA

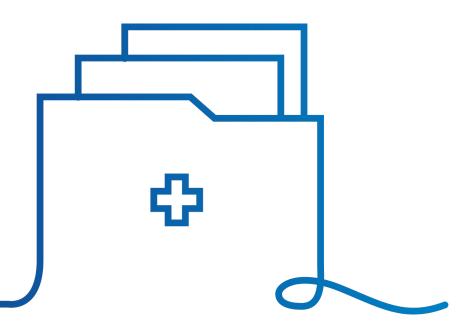






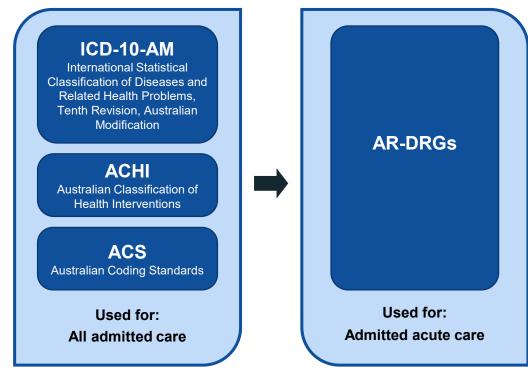
Overview

- New classifications for admitted and acute care implemented/released in Australia 2022
- New platform for delivering education
- Opportunities provided by ICD-11





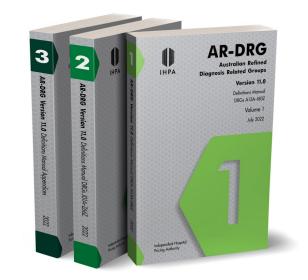
Classifications used in admitted and acute care

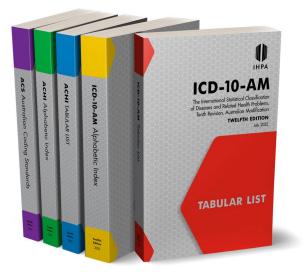






New releases 2022









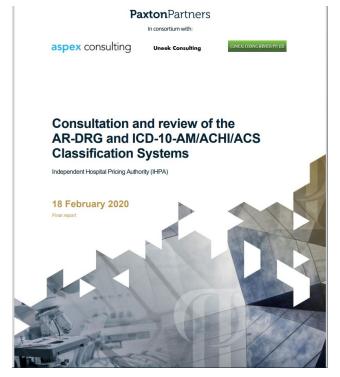
How did we get there?





Review of development cycle

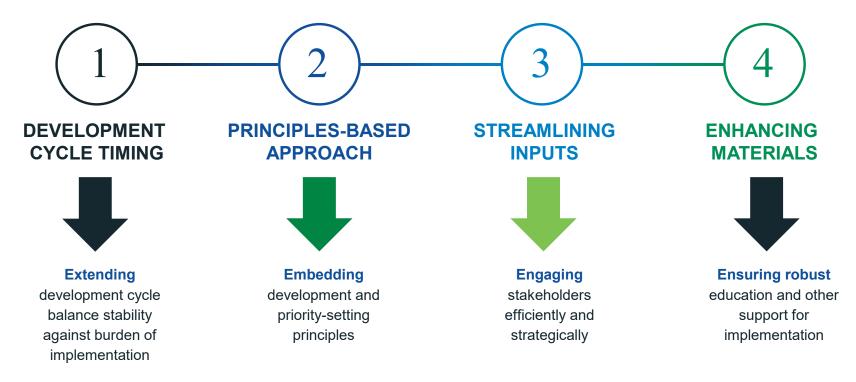
- Transition of classification development within the Independent Health and Aged Care Pricing Authority (IHACPA) in 2019
- Review of the development cycle last conducted in 2009
- New landscape
 - National Health Reform Agreement
 - Establishment of IHPA
 - Introduction of national activity based funding







Key areas for improvement







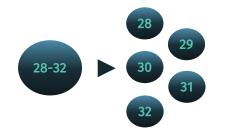
ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Twelfth Edition

Implemented 1 July 2022

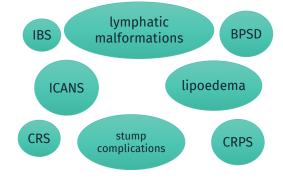




ICD-10-AM key updates







Gestational age in weeks

New codes specifying the specific number of weeks (rather than a range)

Mental health terms

Removal of stigmatising terminology and replacing with current scientific terms New clinical concepts

Missing or updated concepts with new codes in Twelfth Edition





ICD-10-AM key updates







Antimicrobial resistance

Updated to align with the surveillance reporting

Morphology New codes from the classification ICD-O-3.2 Sepsis Alignment with new definitions in Sepsis-3 **Emergency use codes** Expanded codes for Australian/national interest





ACHI key updates







Spinal interventions

Updates to how spinal and musculoskeletal interventions are classified (eg spinal fusion)

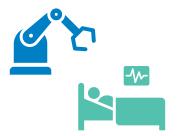
Stem cell transplants

Codes for donors (eg matched/mismatched, related/unrelated) and donor tissue (eg blood, bone marrow) Engineered cell and gene therapies (eg Kymriah, Luxturna, Zolgensma, Roctavian)





ACHI key updates



New health technology

Leadless pacemakers, transperineal prostate biopsy, robotic assisted interventions

88000-00	Provisional use of 88000-00 [8888]
88000-01	Provisional use of 88000-01 [8888]
88000-02	Provisional use of 88000-02 [8888]
88000-03	Provisional use of 88000-03 [8888]
88000-04	Provisional use of 88000-04 [8888]
88000-05	Provisional use of 88000-05 [8888]

Placeholder codes

New codes added to ACHI to capture new procedures, health technology or other emerging health interventions

Consultation liaison psychiatry (CLP) Captures multidisciplinary CLP service





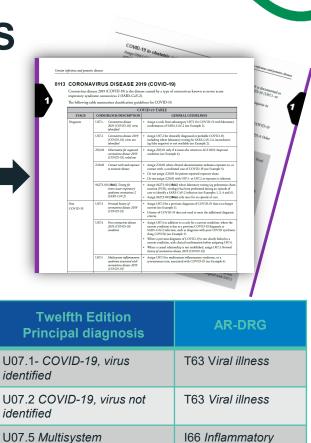
COVID-19 emergency use codes

Concept	ICD-10	ICD-10-AM Eleventh Edition	ICD-10-AM and ACHI Twelfth Edition
COVID-19 confirmed by laboratory testing	U07.1	U07.1 COVID-19, virus identified	 Expanded to identify presence of symptoms: U07.11 – <i>asymptomatic</i> U07.12 – <i>symptomatic</i>
COVID-19 clinically diagnosed, not confirmed by laboratory testing	U07.2	U07.2 COVID-19, virus not identi	ified
Previously confirmed COVID-19 that is no longer current	U08.9	U07.3 Personal history of COVID	D-19
Condition causally related to COVID-19	U09.9	U07.4 Post COVID-19 condition	
Multisystem inflammatory syndrome	U10.9	U07.5 Multisystem inflammatory	syndrome associated with COVID-19
Need for immunisation against COVID-19	U11.9	Not implemented	Z25.2 Need for immunisation against COVID-19
Adverse effect due to a COVID-19 vaccination	U12.9	U07.7 COVID-19 vaccines causing adverse effects in therapeutic use	Expanded to identify type of vaccine:U07.70 - not elsewhere classifiedU07.71 - viral vectorU07.73 - subunitU07.72 - whole virusU07.74 - nucleic acid
Laboratory testing performed, and COVID-19 ruled out	N/A	U06.0 COVID-19, ruled out	96273-00 [1866] Testing for severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 [SARS-CoV-2]



Changes for ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS

Eleventh Edition	Twelfth Edition
 Classification guidance issued as: 8 Coding Rules 16 Frequently asked questions (over 4 parts) 	Creation of Australian Coding Standard (ACS) 0113 <i>Coronavirus disease 2019</i> (COVID-19)
Symptoms of COVID-19 as principal diagnosis COVID-19 codes as additional diagnoses	COVID-19 codes as principal diagnosis Symptoms of COVID-19 not coded
Emergency use codes not incorporated in AR-DRG classification	Codes now fully integrated into AR-DRG classification
Testing activity only able to be captured through use of a diagnosis code (U06.0)	Testing activity can be captured more appropriately through an ACHI code (96273-00 [1866])



musculoskeletal

disorders

inflammatory syndrome

associated with COVID-19



Additional resources for Twelfth Edition

- Supplementary fact sheets
 - COVID-19 vaccine types
 - ACS 0002
 - Social factors
- The Chronicle







ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Twelfth Edition

Highlight on ACS 0002 Additional diagnoses pilot exercise





ACS 0002 Additional diagnoses

- ACS 0002 was revised for Eleventh Edition (implemented 1 July 2019)
 - major change to address clarification of 'significant conditions'
 - guidelines expanded from 3 pages to 14 pages
 - number of examples quadrupled
 - a limited testing exercise was conducted
- Stakeholder feedback too long, wordiness, undefined terminology, confusing examples
- Jurisdictional concerns over consistency and application, **impacting data stability**

Twelfth Edition implementation 1 July 2022

Revised to simplify application, rather than change coding practice:

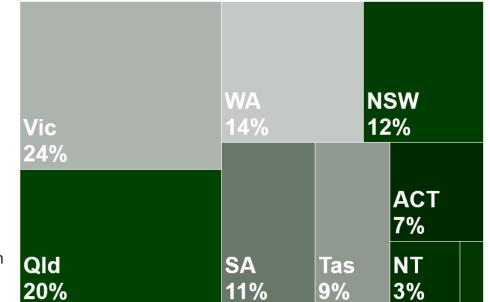
- streamlined classification criteria
- restructured to ensure logical flow
- removed ambiguous terminology
- reformatted instructions
- clarified rationale for code assignment in examples
- reduced length by two pages





Pilot exercise

- Nationwide pilot exercise
 - identify areas of focus for final version
 - ensure clear and logical to apply
 - without changing coding practice
- Participants from all jurisdictions:
 - public sector = 73 participants (79%)
 - private sector = 19 participants (21%)
 - clinical coders (75%) and auditors (25%)
 - experience ranging from 2 to 30+ years
- · Online platform with simulated records
 - 20 health care records targeted areas of concern
 - analysis of coding exercise results
 - post-completion survey gather insights



NOTE: Participants from private sector nominated their jurisdiction as where they coded from. One participant did not indicate their jurisdiction



Pilot results

Results:

- 1,523 episodes of care coded, 398 comments noted, 71 feedback surveys completed
- **77%** of participants completed the survey
- **89%** of participants surveyed said the changes to ACS 0002 were an improvement
- Participants reported new guidelines in ACS 0002 helped make quicker decisions to assign codes

Feedback from survey

"More logical layout of rationale and more concise instructions in dot point form in the Pilot version have made me more inclined to read the Standard and also to remember the 3 criteria.

Dropping words like "significant" and "transient" and as a by product **lessening the subjective interpretation** of "therapeutic treatment" and "increased clinical care", and providing a succinct explanation instead, has been helpful.

Emphasising "Assign" rationale by boxing makes things clearer. Rationale easier and quicker to access. *Less time* to think whether a condition meets the ACS for coding.

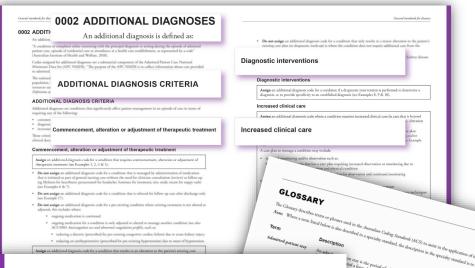
I didn't feel I necessarily made different decisions regarding application of an [additional diagnosis] code but I did **take less time to think about it** (after referencing the pilot version).





Outcomes for Twelfth Edition

- Confidence that Twelfth Edition ACS 0002 Additional diagnoses represents minor changes for clarity and ease of application rather than a major update that would lead to significant change in coding practice that would impact data stability.
- Confidence in proposed amendments
- Creation of Australian Coding Standards (ACS) Glossary
- Creation of ACS 2119 Socioeconomic and psychosocial circumstances (aka 'social factors')



2119 SOCIOECONOMIC AND PSYCHOSOCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

Socioeconomic and psychosocial circumstances, social determinants of health or social factors describe the way in which people grow, live, work and age, and the systems put in place to deal with illness. The conditions in which people live and die are, in turn, shaped by political, social and economic forces (Commission on Social Determinants of Health 2008).

Social factors identify non clinical factors that may affect a patient's health status or experience of care. For admitted patients, this may:

- affect admission and discharge decisions and processes
- affect a patient's ability or willingness to follow a recommended care plan
- · affect a patient's likelihood of experiencing a condition
- require review or intervention to ensure a suitable discharge destination and care (for example, by allied health clinicians).



250

Australian Coding Standards 2022



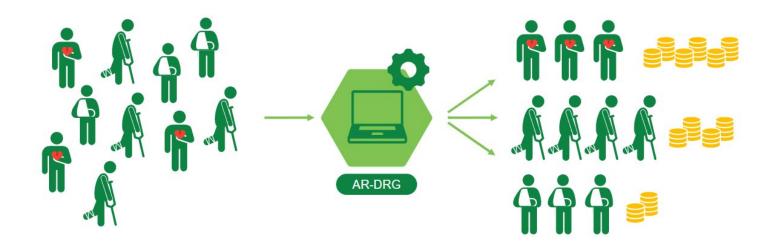
AR-DRG Version 11.0

Released July 2022





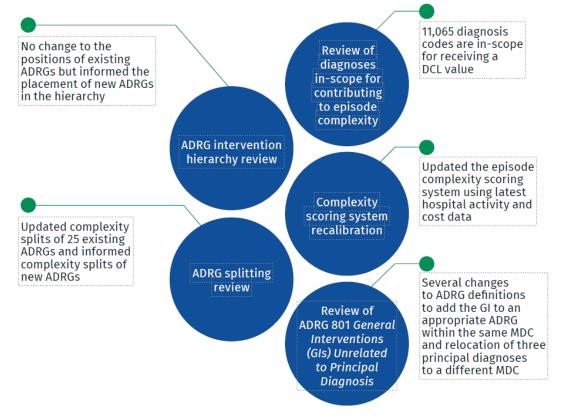
What are AR-DRGs?





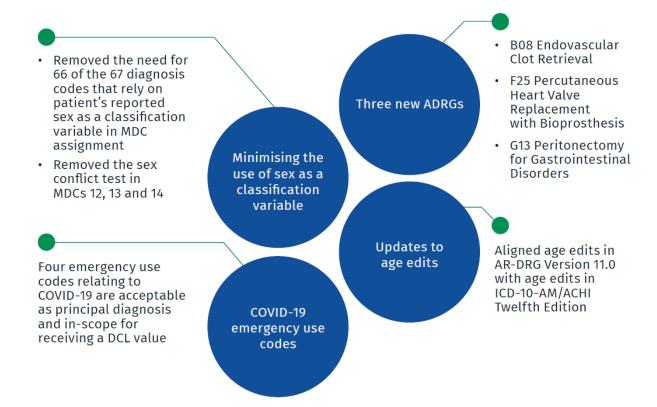


Standard refinements





Major refinements

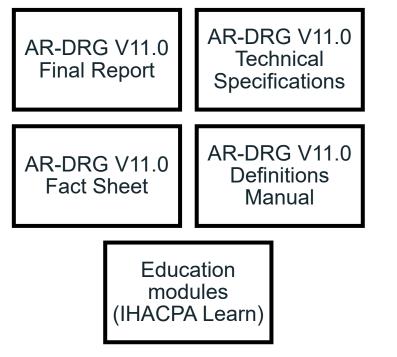






AR-DRG

AR-DRG V11.0 Resources





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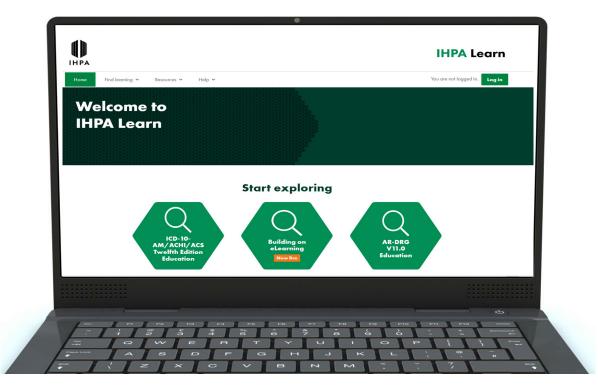


IHACPA Learn





IHACPA Learn







ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Education modules

	Neoplasm, morphology and related interventions	
Introduction		Musculoskeletal system
	Mental and behavioural disorders	
Fundamental principles and conventions		Spinal interventions
	Nervous system	
Clinical documentation and general abstraction guidelines		Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium, and paediatrics
	Eye, nose, mouth and throat	
ACS 0002 Additional diagnoses		Socioeconomic and psychosocia circumstances
	Circulatory system	
Coronavirus disease 2019		Other ICD-10-AM
	Respiratory system	
Sepsis, infectious diseases and resistance to antimicrobial drugs		Other ACHI
	Digestive system	





AR-DRG V11.0 education modules

AR-DRG V11.0 fundamentals

This module introduces learners to the AR-DRG classification.

A certificate of completion for this module will be generated and is accessible from your record of learning.

These modules focus on the refinements for AR-DRG V11.0.

A **certificate of completion** will be generated after the completion of both modules and is accessible from your record of learning.

AR-DRG V11.0 specific refinements

AR-DRG V11.0 standard refinements and overview



Uptake and feedback

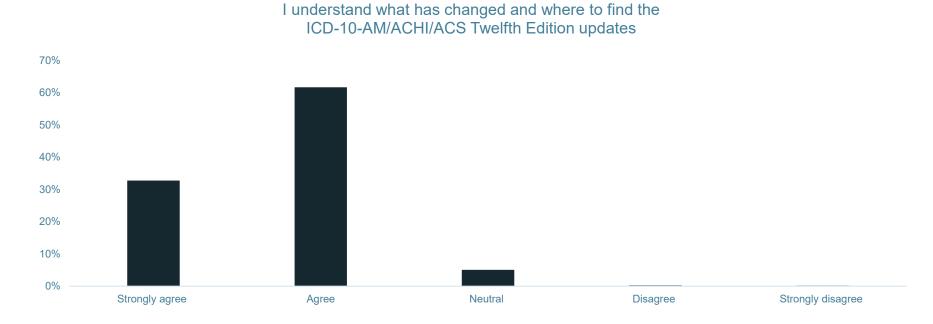
As of 19 September 2022

- 2381 participants completed all modules for ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Twelfth Edition
- 377 enrolled in Building on eLearning
- **105** participants completed AR-DRG fundamentals
- 74 participants completed AR-DRG V11.0 modules
- 98% positive feedback
- A total of **51,376** education modules have been completed



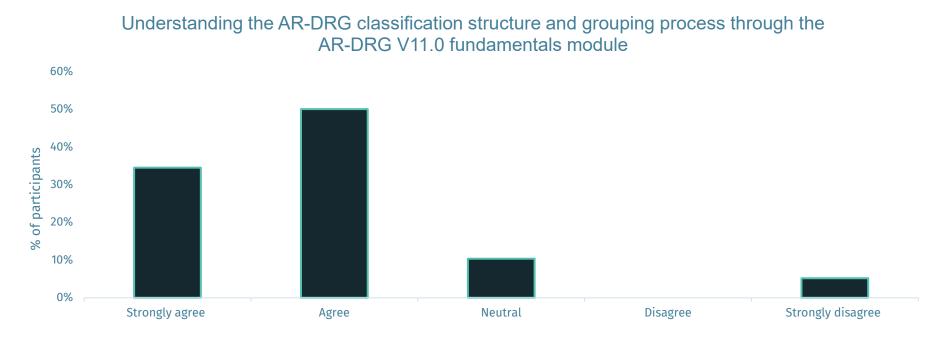


How participants rated their learning for ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Twelfth Edition updates



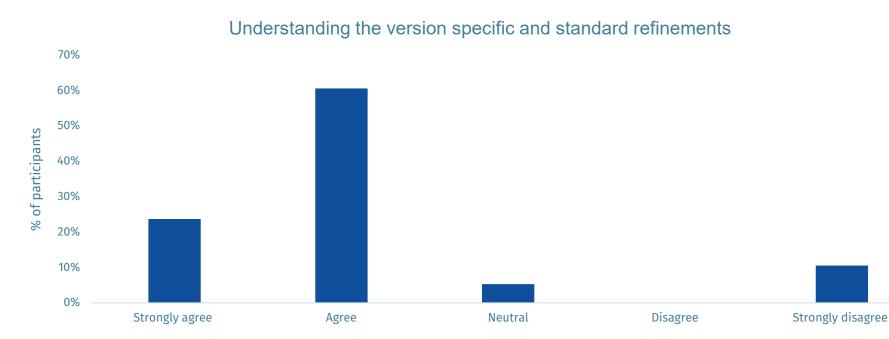


How participants rated their learning for the AR-DRG fundamentals module







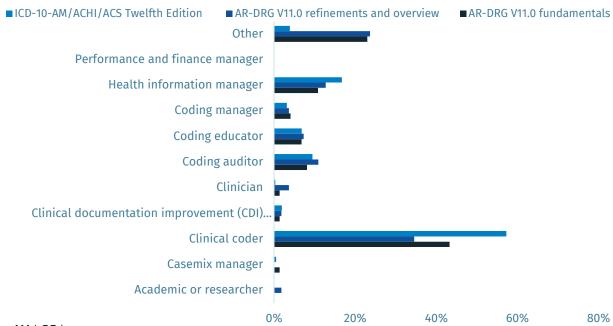






Participant roles

Participant roles by education stream







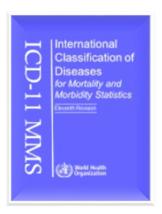
What about ICD-11?



ICD-11

- ICD-11 became the international standard for reporting diseases and health conditions on 1 January 2022
- There is no in decision yet as to how or when ICD-11 will be implemented in Australia









Australian ICD-11 Task Force (AITF)

- The AITF was established by the Australian Health Classification Advisory Committee (AHCAC) and held its first meeting in May 2022
- Membership includes jurisdictional health departments and relevant federal government agencies

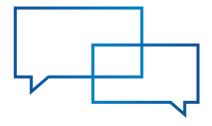






Purpose

 Develop a broad, multi-year roadmap of activities required to inform decision makers on the implementation of ICD-11 in a range of contexts, particularly in relation to mortality and morbidity use cases









ICD-11 Projects

Two major projects identified by IHACPA in progress:

- Cross walk from ICD-10-AM to
 ICD-11
- **Cluster flag** to enhance Australian morbidity collections





Thank you





